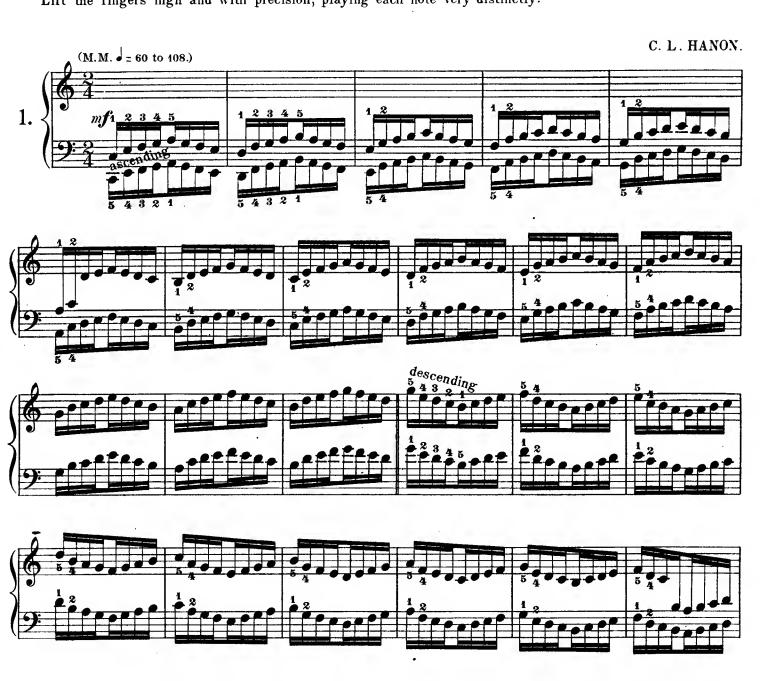
The Virtuoso-Pianist.

Part I.

Preparatory Exercises for the Acquirement of Agility, Independence, Strength and Perfect Evenness in the Fingers.

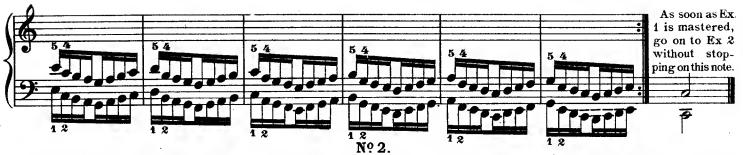
Stretch between the fifth and fourth fingers of the left hand in ascending, and the fifth and fourth fingers of the right hand in descending.

For studying the 20 exercises in this First Part, begin with the metronome set at 60, gradually increasing the speed up to 108; this is the meaning of the double metronome-mark at the head of each exercise. Lift the fingers high and with precision, playing each note very distinctly.

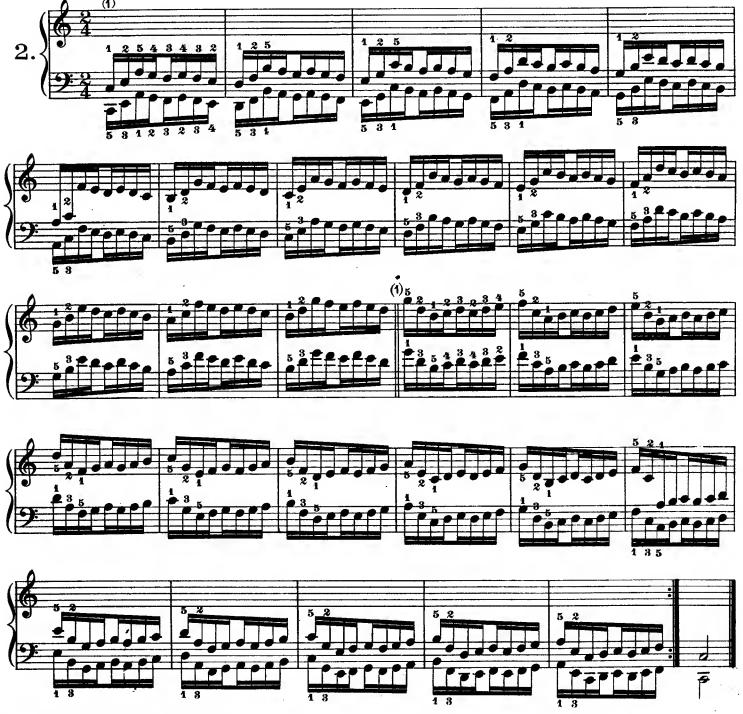


(1) For brevity, we shall henceforward indicate only by their figures those fingers which are to be specially trained in each exercise; e.g., 3-4 in N? 2; 2-3-4 in N? 3, etc.

Observe that, throughout the book, both hands are continually executing the same difficulties; in this way the left hand becomes as skilful as the right. Besides, the difficulties executed by the left hand in ascending, are exactly copied by the same fingers of the right hand in descending; this new style of exercise will cause the hands to acquire perfect equality.

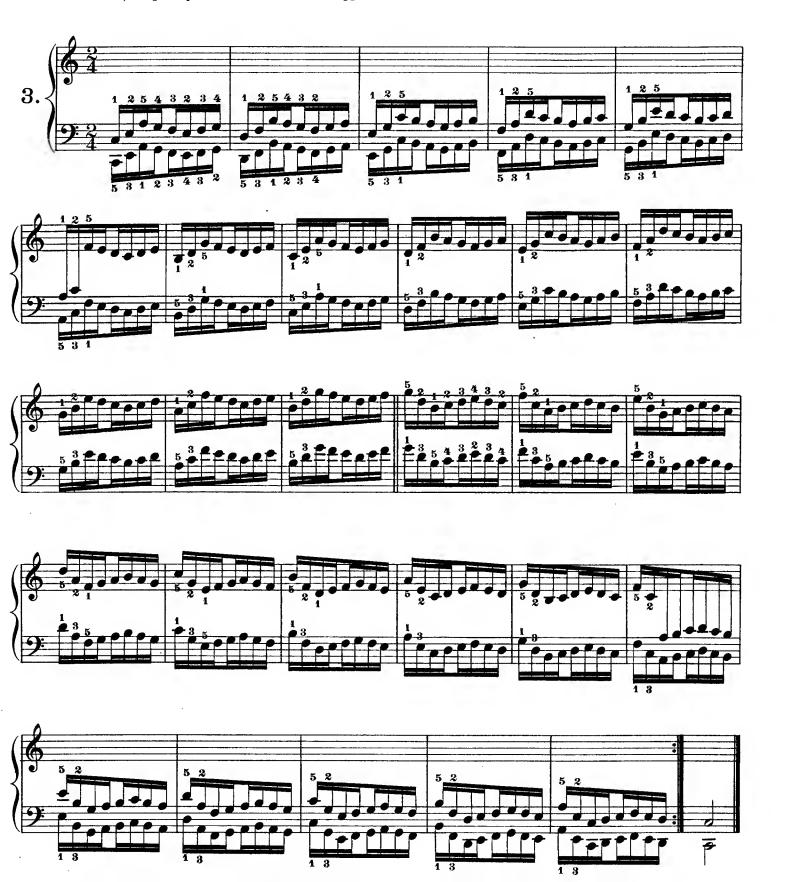


(3-4) When this exercise is mastered, recommence the preceding one, and play both together four times without interruption; the fingers will gain considerably by practising these exercises, and those following, in this way.



(1) The fourth and fifth fingers being naturally weak, it should be observed that this exercise, and those following it up to NO 31, are intended to render them as strong and agile as the second and third.

(2-3-4) Before beginning to practise N° , 3, play through the preceding exercises once or twice without stopping. When N° , 3 is mastered, practise N° , 4, and then N° , 5, and as soon as they are thoroughly learned play through all three at least four times without interruption, not stopping until the last note on page 6. The entire work should be practised in this manner. Therefore, when playing the numbers in the First Part, stop only on the last note on pp. 3, 6, 9, 12, 15, 18, and 21.



No. 4.

(3-4-5) (1) Special exercise for the 3rd, 4th and 5th fingers of the hand.



(1-2-3-4-5) We repeat, that the fingers should be lifted high, and with precision, until this entire volme is mastered.



(5) To obtain the good results which we promise those who study this work, it is indispensable to play daily, at least once, the exercises already learned.



(3-4-5) Exercise of the greatest importance for the 3^{rd} , 4^{th} and 5^{th} fingers.



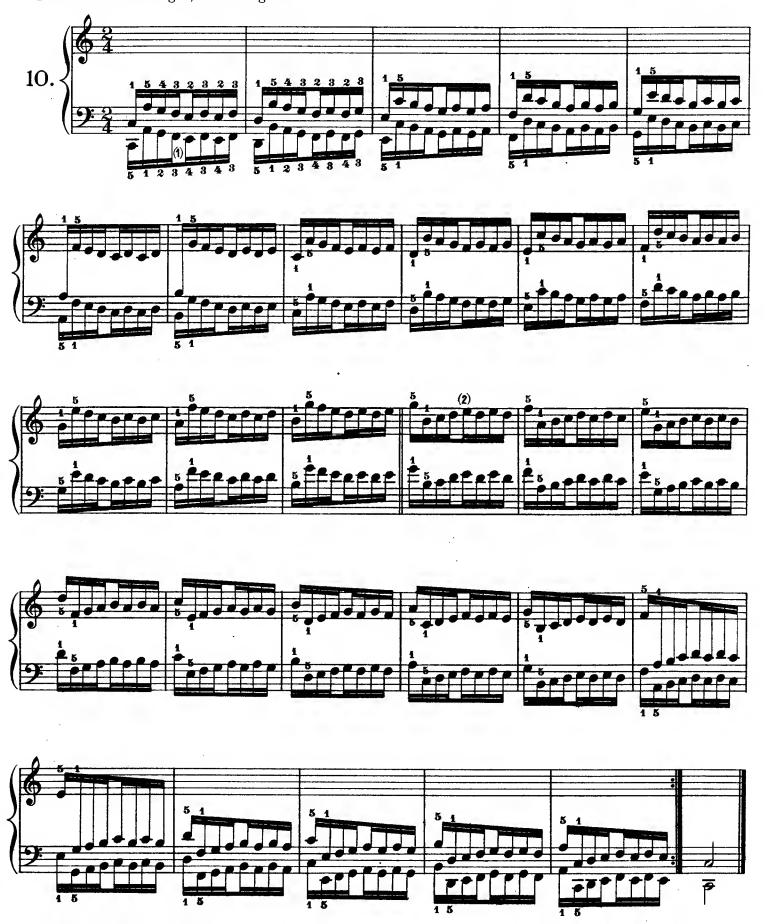
(1-2-3-4-5) Very important exercise for all five fingers.



Extension of the 4^{th} and 5^{th} , and general finger-exercise.

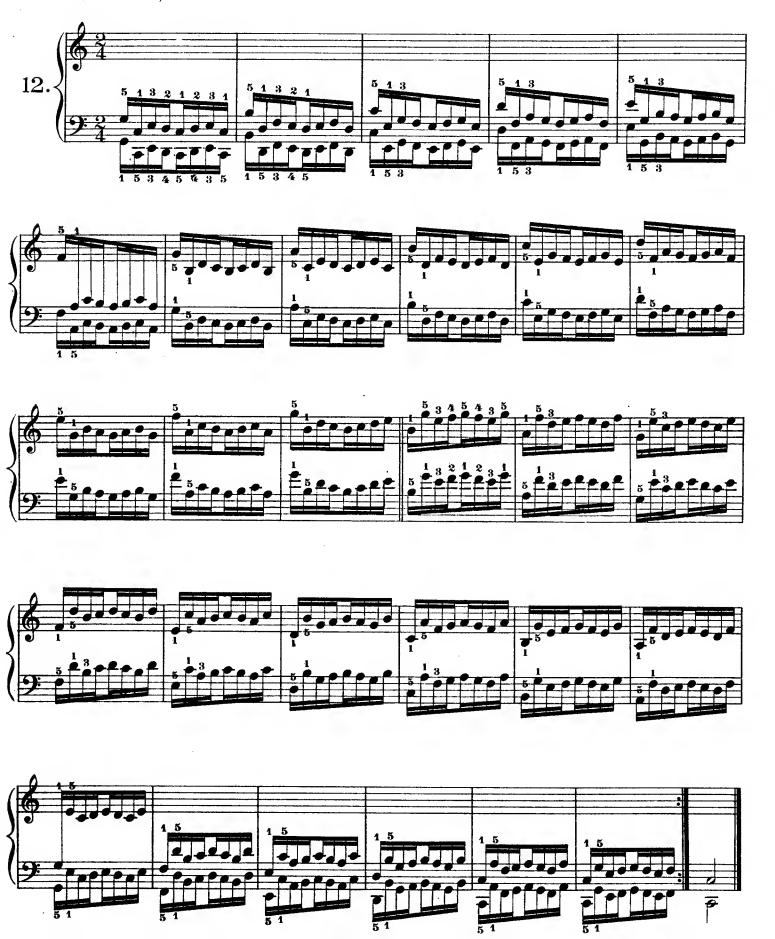


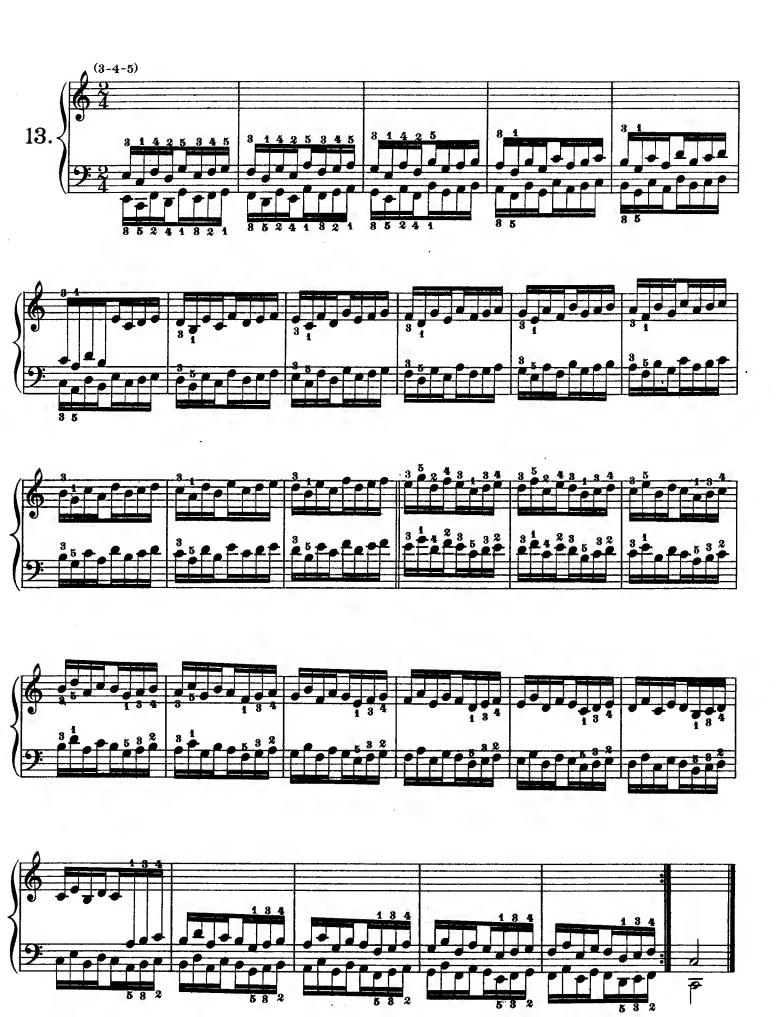
(3-4) Preparation for the trill, for the 3^{rd} and 4^{th} fingers of the left hand in ascending (1); and for the 3^{rd} and 4^{th} of the right, descending (2).



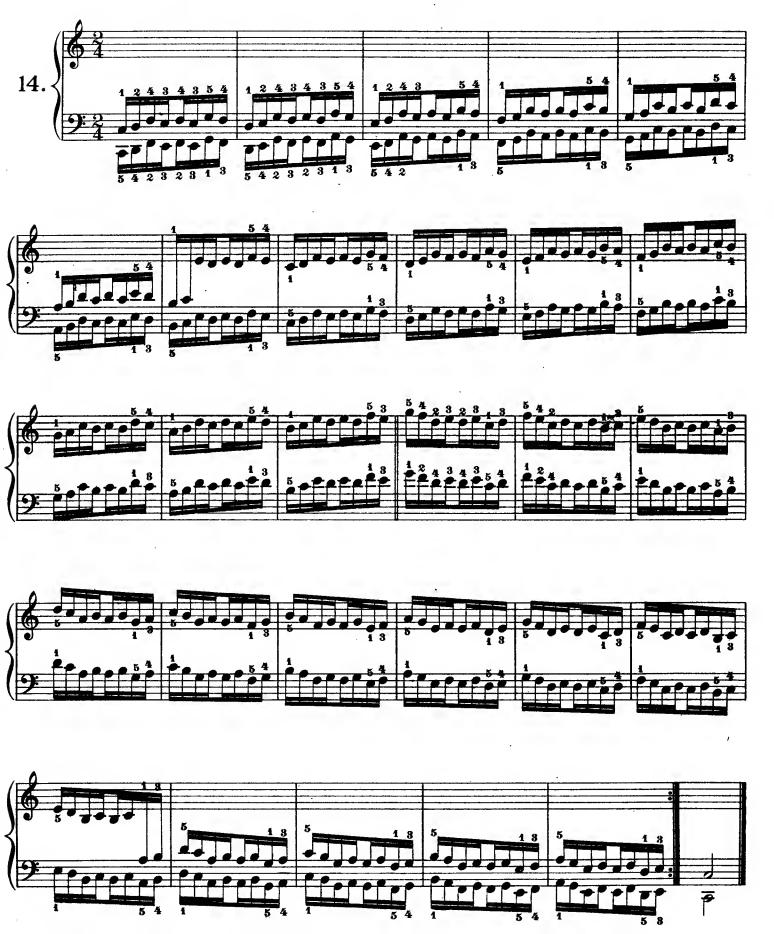


Extension of 1-5, and exercise for 3-4-5.

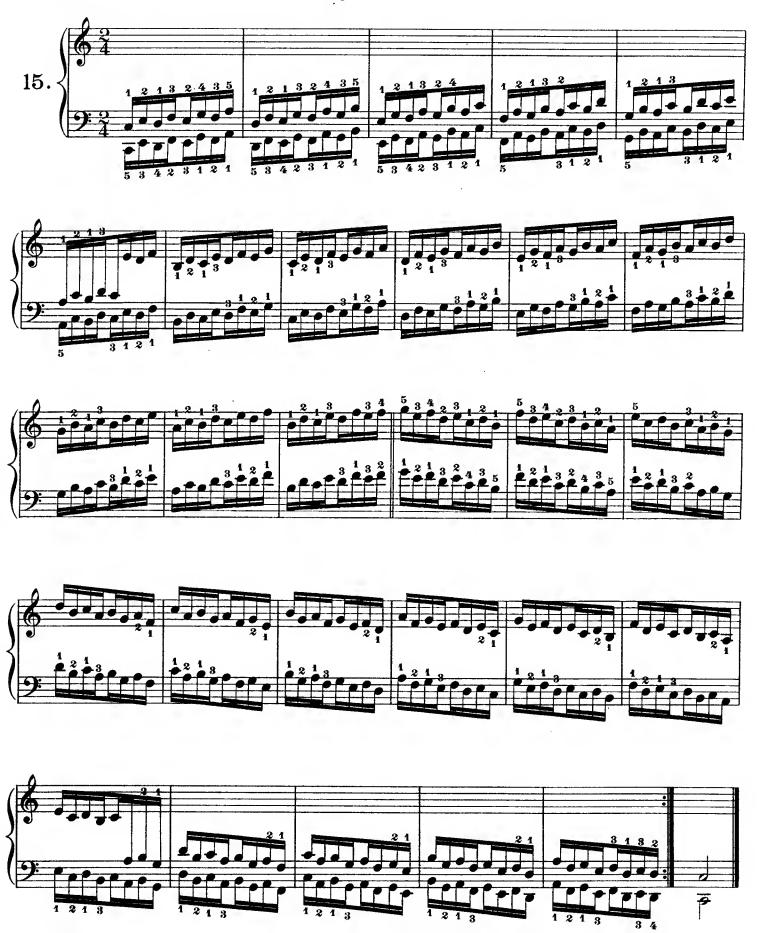




(3-4) Another preparation for the trill, for the 3^{rd} and 4^{th} fingers.



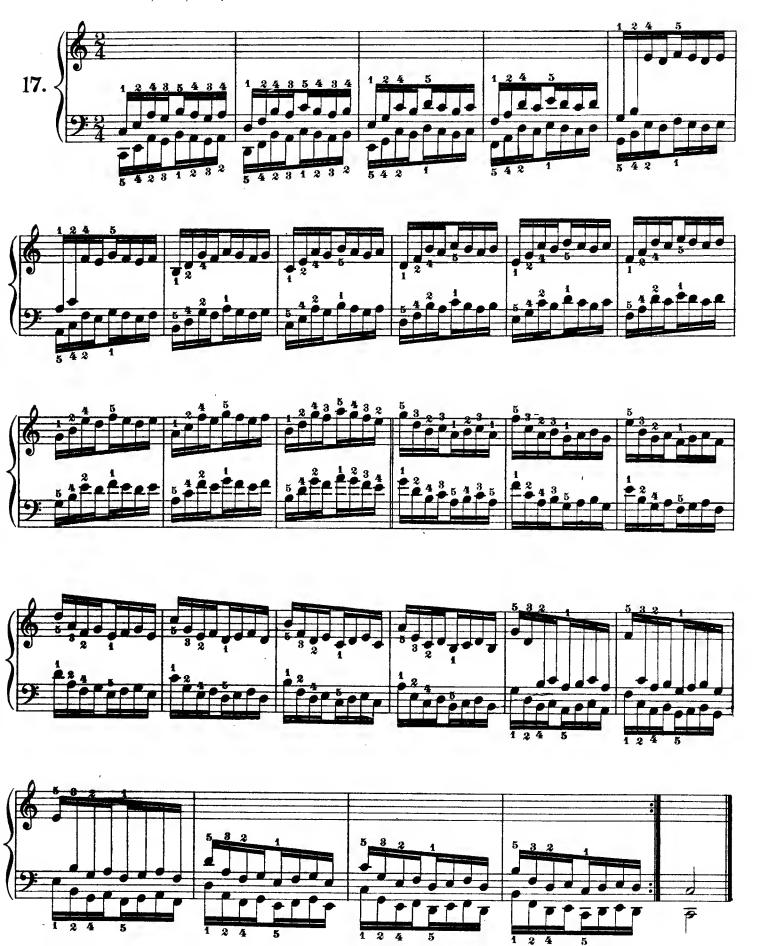
Extension of 1-2, and exercise for all 5 fingers.



Extension of 3-5, and exercise for 3-4-5.



Extension of 1-2, 2-4, 4-5, and exercise for 3-4-5.







Extension of 2-4, 4-5, and exercise for 2-3-4.



End of Part I.

After having mastered this First Part, play it through once or twice daily for some time before commencing the study of the Second ('transcendent') Part; by so doing, one is sure to obtain every possible advantage that this work promises Complete mastery of Part I gives the key to the difficulties found in Part II.